

## TB FAQs

Please Note: Any TB test must have a negative result to be accepted; any positive results will be rejected automatically.

### Risk Assessment

- District-sponsored risk assessments are the easiest to process
  - Once a volunteer has completed one from the district, the risk assessment does not need to be sent to health services.
- Any other risk assessment must be clear it's a risk assessment and have the questions asked included.
  - These questions must match what we ask at the district clinics; questionnaires will be rejected if they do not meet district standards.
- The risk assessment must also include the name of the medical professional asking the questions.

### Skin Test

- District-sponsored skin tests are the easiest to process
  - Once a volunteer has completed one from the district, the skin test does not need to be sent to health services
- All skin tests must have:
  - 2 dates
    - The date and time the test was injected
    - The date and time the test was read.
    - If the difference between the two is greater than 72 hours, then the TB test is invalid and will be rejected.
  - The name of the medical professional conducting the test.
  - The result of the test.

### Blood Test

- Blood tests must have the date the test was performed
- Blood tests must also include the name of the medical professional who performed the blood draw.
- There must be a result from the test

### Chest X-Ray

- The chest x-ray must be a "note" from a doctor stating the patient is free of TB
  - This must explicitly state there is no evidence of active TB
  - The chest x-ray must not have been done for any other reason i.e., an x-ray for a rib injury
  - Chest x-rays do not need to be repeated every 4 years. As long as the person has not developed any TB symptoms since receiving it, they can continue to use the same x-ray.
- The "note" must be accompanied by the TB questionnaire which must be dated and signed.